LECTIONARY FOR EASTER WEEK

Evening

Morning

	Morning	Evening					
EASTER D	AY, APR 4						
1st Lesson		Isaiah 51:116					
2 nd Lesson		Johm 20:1–23					
Monday, Ap	or. 5						
1st Lesson	Exodus 15:1–18	Isaiah 12					
2 nd Lesson	Luke 24:1–12	1 Peter 1:1–12					
Tuesday As	-						
Tuesday, Ap	or. 6 Isaiah 25:1–9	Isaiah 26:119					
2 nd Lesson		1 Peter 1:13end					
Z ^{aa} Lesson	Maunew 28:1–10	1 Peter 1:13end					
Wednesday, Apr 7							
1st Lesson	-	Song of Sol. 2:8end					
2 nd Lesson	John 21:1–14	Revelation 7:9end					
	Thursday Apr 8						
1st Lesson	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{C}}$	Daniel 12					
2 nd Lesson	Mark 5: 21—end	1 Thessalonians 4:13end					
Friday, Apr.	Q						
	2 Kings 4:837	Zephaniah 3:14end					
	Luke 7:1117	Acts 17:2631					
2 Lesson	Luke 7.11 17	11cts 17.20 51					
	aturdsy, Apr. 10						
1st Lesson		Micah 7:7end					
2 nd Lesson	John 11:17–44	Acts 26:123					
Low Sunday		T 11.54					
	Isaiah 52:112	Isaiah 54					
2 nd Lesson	Luke 24:13–35	John 20:24end					

EASTER DAY

"Fear not ye, for I know that ye seek Jesus, which was crucified. He is not here: for He is risen as he said,. Come see the place where the Lord lay." St Matthew 28:5-6.

Many of us still recall a TV crime show called ":Dragnet." which related the adventures of a pair of police investigators. The show was remarkable in its time, and today seems almost quaint as it consistently presented its plots in moral terms of good in conflict with evil. It added one common saying to the collection of American aphorisms, "The facts, ma'am, just the facts.," The principal investigators always called people back from opinions, impressions, and feelings to the only important thing, the Facts.

Our Easter preaching sometimes falls short of its purpose because (in a vainglorious effort to be clever and original) we try to explore our feelings, or deduce some general truth, or arrive at some profound abstraction. On this day of all days (it is not called the "queen of feasts" for nothing!}, we must be simple and stick to the facts.

The facts are (1) the cold stiff corpse of Jesus, about 40 hours after He was found dead, was strangely resuscitated; but moreover, (2) He sprang up with new life and vigor; (3) the heavy boulder which imprisoned Him in His tomb was pushed aside: (4) one or more angels met the handful of disciples who visited the tomb and stated clearly what had happened (see above); (5) on the first Easter Day and for quite a while afterward, many people saw, heard, and recognized the glorified, risen Jesus; (6) believers and unbelievers alike agreed that whatever had happened, the tomb of Jesus was suddenly empty.

These are some of the facts of the case. They clearly point **not** to a personal experience, nor to a religious revival, nor to group excitement, but to an Event, an event as simple, and as factual as the empty bloody spot in the tomb, "where the Lord lay."

For Christians, this wonderful event, which took place in clock time at a certain spot in the world in A.D. 30, is the fact of all facts. It is the supreme event which has transformed and transfigured all other facts and events before and since. Just as Jesus in His resurrection power brushed aside the heavy stone like a cobweb, so this event has grabbed hold of us and given us a small but delicious portion of His wonderful new resurrection life,. "The Lord is risen! Come see the place where the Lord lay!" LKW